Ano

Inaugural Difsertation

On

Digestion

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## Of Digestion

By the term Digestion no are to understand that function of assimilation , by which the various changes are produced, which extraneous substances undergo, when subjected to the action of the digestive apparatus; producing a compound eminently sub-- dervient to the growth and nourishment of the body. Owing to the changes of composition and decompositions that are continually going on in all living bodies a disunion of their elements. an alteration and decomposition of the whole maps, constituting the body, would necessarily ensures if not prevented through the medium of afimilation, which, consisting of the changes that the food undergoes when takens into the digestive systems, or Digestion and Chylifications of the change that are wrought on the nutritive fluids during its circulation through the body, or in other words Languisication and Lecretion, and also of the lodgement and removal of it's particles in almost every part of the bos -dy, constituting what are called Rutrition and Absorp

7: entirely have be мурробе to adden het thise most " of healt. tire ren by comp long an

of health, sichnift, age temperament be being to this ontive percention. The Thimmen body has been very ingening by comparie to the Jamous ship Age, which, after herlong and protons veryage, contained not a partials of Incomignal materials.

most insuperable objections, occasioned by the different degrees

Of the Digestive Apparatus

Cong animal from man down to the Polypus, 12 -

ging the Inm length. 1 and Pha which lead the Storm of the wint

Afre be considered as an efuntial characteristich of animals, Sorinting out the grand distinguishing mark between them and vegetables. In some animals it consists of a memor soranous spouch orchag; in others of a long tortuous, museus - lo-mimoranow tube, extending from the mouth to the anus, as in man, fancifully compared by some anatomists to a meandrous streams fertilizing the plain through which it bafe ses. Again in some there is only one opening sorving the common purpose of receiving the food and ejecting the excommentations part, as is the case with the Zoophyte; but gen erally there are two openings, the one serving the purpose of receiving the aliment, as the mouth, and the other dischar, -ging the office of an autlet for the excrementitions mals.

In mon it is not of one uniform stays throughout ill whole length, being expanded at the communicant to form the Buth and Thompson, and then contracted to form the Busylow to that important organs, the thinness, which is a musculo membranous bagiformed by the relieving of the projected of the above town, towned. It is the thinness towned. It is the membranous towned. It is the membranous towned. It is

called to than the ito three metitatio ming the time 1110 the to bugth of to 7 is quite throught o ready of have a spe

six times the length of the body, but proportionally longer in the chits than in the adult. This part constitutes what are called the Intestines; the upper portion of which being smaller than the lower has induced anatomists to divide them? into small and great Intestines; each of which is subdivide into the others, Try. the Duodenums, Syimum, and Shim, constituting the small, the Coreun, bolow, our Rections, for ming the large intestines . The canal is presented of van - rious lengths in different unimals; according to the na time and quality of the food to be digester, approaching more or less to the materials of the body into which it is to be converted: consequently it differs considerably in the horbing corous and carnivorous animals, being in the formed much more extensive and capacions; indet often complicatedo, so constructed as to rotain the foreign aliment a sufficient length of time to be thoroughly digested; whilst in the latter it is quite differently constructed, being simply a short and straight canal, whereby the food, which is animal, al cready approaching near to the materials of the body, may have a speedy exit. The reason why it is thus constructed

· Gette en · fuo res le - 4 from to anin with inc the offe 1 tintered . Is there . t. heave by nature is obsined enough. If the aliment were to remain tonger, it would interestly easy of puropartience, probably im a dange that prough by which the system would experience effect eminently deleteriens. Between these montholds a middle grade. Before we proved any faither let us make a few remarks on Food. Hunger, and thirst;

Whilst some animals drains their neurishment sets, by pend the out store of the vegetalle, other his emission of the animal kingdom. Were again man enjoys mediconosity. The indicates competity to his exclusively on the one kingdom, now the other his quitaling to the distates of the most appetite he partakes indifferently of hills.

Endered as man is not confine to any portion of the globe, inhabiting the torred as well as the frigozome, which include countries quisting solely the one himpolome or the other, it must me parily follow that nature disc not vistual him to subsist seedes very forten when neverthe of there is a deleting of food among the different masties. These vishabiting the South prope a vegetable deoct, because it Digarkon produces top head; which those

unitally I all anin hould do ciple or the ford . "remoting ing sens, a. inhabiting the exceptione climes live on mouncarishing and stimulating fees, such as animal flethe. They may ever, to adde to the healing quality of their musich ments generally use stimulating drinks. Sugliary as it without a all animal charits took, it is no less arrestary that they should drink. If is dill a maline of dispute among springists whether water affects any mutritive thrim, after a country of disputer of disputer of the fees, one in the wing as its which who properly furnished from the fees, and in view of the fees, and in view of a list it is spread to the fees, and inventory as its which where of this that it is subsecting Degethers. But it is spread to the feet of the supposes much were important.

## Of Hunger and Thirst

All animals are naturally warned by the devices of Munger and Shirst to seek a supply of new ishment for the purper of compensating the loftes which they dealy say - Sain. The sterm Hounger may be defined, that distripting some shorten which is courted by a diminished quantity of, or a los long abetinence power from , If this also

hillo of the we the m ven death The de plain the sines in mpty star Humber and Thirst of the wing ви мирро dition, the , the pain rated in strone, so tumo. el tention . Almens be ensured to long it will be productive of the most serious consequences, a ensiderable diministime of the help of languer debility, and increase landi-bility, and increase landi-bility, and confidentially sensitive at the spirit of the standard and the most immediate offer, our furges still farsher and deathe will be the conjuguence. Formed in of him of granding to the activity of grands and muticitime home children die seems than adults.

The different theories that have been advanced to enplain the ophenomena of hunger, such as an ineastrings in the stemaske arising from its being in and
empty date, the sometation produced on the Diaphragme
by the weight of the some own of ophenome receiving their
due suffered from the Annahl when in an empty conedition, the offest and to by the action of the gather piece
of the gainest of the stemashe, the suppose arimony genmented in the gastric of the stemashe, the suppose arimony genentited in the gastric of the stemashe in theotakense, as mucho be, that of deem is needely to recount
theme. At operant there are only the theories discovering
attention. The first is that which attribute it to average

This i is like - Strany 1 affects = hearedo. 1. to the L'allegii wints at The

-mis sensations exciting in the stomack, specticed by Lyma - pathising with the wants of the general Lystems.

This is rendered more probable when we consider that it is like all other nervous sensations under the influences of habit. Thus we see the period of meals is entirely ar-- hitrary with the individual. "It also know that hun -ger is considerably influences by papiens of the mine, Much, ve. . But to addo still farther to the places thing of this theo. -ry, we should not neglect to mentions, that if the stomach be affected in any manner, such as schirrhosity of the Sylones , No. the distreping desire of hunger will not be ap - peared, although a sufficient quantity of foods be takens into the Homach. This at first view appears greatly to sup -port the highethesis, but by examining it still farther we shall fire, that Sunger in this case is hept up by the initable state of the stornache, provoking it to expel its em - touts almost immediately after their receptions, before chyle or even chyme could be formed.

The following effections will also offer itself; why, if hunger be a nervous sensation in the stomach?, oprodu

Mint 9 Morning arrugation - counts for - Timeents, somach. hing sulis lyh 10 Three = luces the " rigo The of lain who of wions or " ordinate I the Arra

- cece by sympathising with the wants of the general system. should it be relieved immediately on the reception of a suf-Spirient quantity of food. This objection gave rise to the following theory, that hunger is a sensation cause by the corrugations of the interior coat of the stomach. This ac--counts for its being increased by cold chinks, bitters, as= - tringents, we. In the same manner it exploring the dine = inution of hungers by warm drinks and every thing that relaxes the system. The ford causing a distension of the stomach, thurby overcoming the cornigation, removes hum - gov. Like the preceding theory it accounts for hunger's being subject to the laws of habit now noverus influence. Whatern diminishes the secretion of the Mouth and Throat, or carries of the flits when secreted, fre = duces the sens whom of heat and dryness, which charace - tirize Thirst. In the some manner we may also en - plain why think is so urgent and troublesome when the effections or secretions of the different parts of the body are inordinately increased; which, directing the watery part of the blood porn the months and throat, consequently

wa thin wing n - rise hi priss of 1 mish that I - ity. vietedo de ser estados, operature Hiest - which is the case in deepsies. Wheter days
not allowed thirst so readily as more stimulating drinks,
which made casily reproducing the servicion of the mouth
and throat consequently sooned thay thirst. The opposite of
thirst, although so my distributing, are not received of operance
living mouths, and consistence are in receive of operance
living mouths, and consistence are in received of the consistence
which have instance him recently of individuals living the
perior of the year and consistency or individuals living the
perior of the year and consistency or the servicing any
remains metric but their cause are of such save occurrence
that I consider them to be almost rots of the least-credibit

Of Maskicalion s Salivary Solution

When the feeds is received into the Mouth it is subopicies to be achieve of the Seps, Checks, Tengue, and Sown with their Guth, by which a complete division is offerture, for the peoples of being more readily mixed with

Le Salira . ( water, lands is · ing ma moiste the tronger · He to the Stat ives not a lat it exe afric fle Valira as me auxi = y mastic and fores

the Salira, which is a transparent visite flets consisting of water, albuma, and senal sales. It is surstice by the glands in the neighbourhood of the mouth, our opening due or its openints in considerable granting, especially, due ring practication. The chains use of the Salira is to mouth one surface of the surgester the purpose of moderning them measured the transparent of the transparent of the impropers of subtrains.

If also, by it Intericating quality facilitates the profession of the feet into the America. But it was probably downed the feet into the American is it generally blished that it experts some action on the administ preparating to Digistims, an administration similar to that of the garrie files. Aliva and aliments during martications long about town auxiliary changes to with the feet has been through by marticated or and penetrated by the Saliva, it is collected from the different from the feet of the market by the topyer, and spread to the different for the market by the topyer, and spread to the spread of the former of a belies. It is therefore to the the spread by the rais.

which it for esophagu 1. contra wophage Wustrated the fore

ing of the apea and the depoling of the Casis of the traguet Bear the pharpas it is carrier into the asophage with neigh

which it papes into the stomach. This constitutes what is called .

Deglutition

The feets desined deserve through the opharyers were asophagus materially by its configracity, but opharyers the contraction of the adjacent muscles, and also by the contraction of the muscular ecats of the opharyers and acceptances. This infrared ment the muscles of deglarithms are adjuted with farabjeit. We also see it duily illustrated in ecos, have, shoup us, which while the thing illustrated in ecos, have, shoup us, which while the thing illustrated in ecos, have, shoup us, which while the thing the with a cather of the force with each although the research for the tenanthe infanilitated by the live cating quality of the musus, that is surphagus, without coat of the pharyers and acophagus.

reasticat. Smach 1. sportan danger 1 Befor 1 or gene - ch, it, 1 cories to hention 1 to come; wiefly . . the theory to be that

## Of Digestion in the Stomach

The aliment, after having received the imprepriate of markeating and the sations is accommendated in the Sunacks, there to be influenced by changes still more important than those hitherto notice; but what there

changes are, is aget undecide.

Before I proceed to speak of the processes, which are seen generally supposed to effect Digestion in the Storm and, it may not be improped to mention the various theories that have been advanted on the subjects but to mention them in delait write to touch and planted to the surfer and the through that was atom, and to option to the option to the option to the option to the option of the principal agent, and in the second to option the option to the theory that was atom, the through the second of the option of the through the time, to signify that heat is the sets cause of Digestion of the that it is the friends agent; as the word itself, in what it is the friends agent; as the word itself, in

the due experiments inice , or more effect . betomes, 1 Jahrenh activity is 2 ister to the Mr. John 3 - ite, but to inimal ar e une spe yeat rouses 7 to parts be ing suppr · lated to d o mintatio = wited it. a loptio; hus The fallen is to the due parformance of Digestino. This is shown by the experiments of spallangam, which prove that the gasteric pince, one of the principal agents of Digestino has no more offer than common water in differing alimentary substitute, when the temperature is defortening that its temperature is defortening that its of Barrensell when more but on the contrary, that its satisfy is considerably increases, when the temperature is rather to think the despise above the free properties of the state in the state of the state of the same of the state of the state of the state of the same of the same of the state of the state of the same of

Summer speaks to the same of the animal according that sheet rouses up the action of the animal according and the parts being unable to carry on these actions without being supplied with menishment, the standed must be distinguished to disent to affect that supply ". The med theny is summitted to disent to affect that supply ". The med theny is summitted in which was ensured by the chemister, who from

animal an increased activity of all its functions." Dr.

secutive it with such year, that at on time it was generally adopted but in the present referred state of our serious it has fallen ente direpetes. The principal argument, or which

. Froti. in capa This when in gomatio -nt por Anients - of mo ", mented " the the - zetny a igested s who low 1 at after in the & J'former 2 omed - cy mo · tis for couse of it roots, in that my there substances affers nourishment, which are capable of undergoing the process of formentations.

This is true enoughe; but may not there substances, when taken into the stornach, enter into compounds necessary for the formations of the product of Digestions in this organe, with out previously emdergoing formentations It was believe by the ancients; as all substances, which forment, undergo that fore such more easily, if some substance, which has already for mentedo, he added to there, that there continually exists in the stomach a certain leavens either resulting from a seecroting action, a consisting of a protion of the food already digestedo; but it is probable, and in fact cortain, that no such learn informa; and moreow it is sufficiently known to that after Digestion is thoroughly completed, no food remained in the stimucho to serve that purpose. Richer and says, If formentations he the prough by which Digestion is opera eformed. it is more probable that it is effected by the pan - any and sachasine, than by the vinous, acctous, or per-- tris formentation. Fromentation so far from being the cause of Digestion, is found to be presented, one even ans

restedoly Mr. S. 70 . no respe prouped dany se · tances o to act of 1 that of Sigestive tous wit in the go Mongh (would a sposed to ishment + nd cont attracts or I the meet - 84 . com rested by the Stomach in an ininent degree. Fermentation at present is ansidered as a leading symptoms of indigestion. Am & Hinten whose opinions are entitle to so much credit and respect, says," it may be almitted as an avione, that the prouges cannot go on at the same time, in the same part of any substance, therefore neither regetable nor animal sub. - stances can undergo their spontaneous changes while in the act of king digester. it being a process superior in power to that of formentation. But, continues Mr. Hunter" If the digistive formers be not perfect, then the vinous and acces tous will take place in the regetable, one the putrefaction in the ford of those animals which live wholly on flish; although in the last I imagine but very seldome" Indude it would seem that Digestion and formentation are directly opposed to each other, the one having for it's object the nours -ishment and preservation of the body, whereas the othertends continually to its distruction. The most theory that attracts our attention, is Frituration. This is the imention of the mechanical ophilosophers, who reasoning from false anal -ogy, compared the changes which the for undergoes in

i really On. ding to taining Legunt the ill indorga · futido o condar

the gizzare of the fact to then exceeded by the diments but the comparison is externely improper, himse the one, viz. The zizzares is really the neare of marticulars, one the other that of Dejection,

Dos Atrem and Spattanzoni performe experiment tending to prove that Digestino is effective independently of thitmatino. In effect this propose the one consists to be seal abordor, and the effect this propose the one counted to be seal abordor, and the effect which the proposed the state of the effect of the standards. However format to have industrial distributions, as the seats of commerces the seal of the abordor distributions in the seats of commerces to the seal of the presentate pays through the disposition systems without being, principal the or seal materially alteredor.

e Mauration is another theory that was proposed to explain the phenomena of Digetine. It was the opinion of the illegivens it allow that the aliment in the stomach undergoes a stor degree of macrations, and that this is of fulled partly by the gastrie juice, and partly by other secondary causes. The few fet stomach of extains animals, at fist rice, opposed to add great of law file to the

hipsthese Line, the foods for Macerati these and i diride Paunelo, descends. mude into hewed. sino, the furforme out effects ALL account Supothesis, but by farther examination we shall be led to be -live , that this structure is intended merely to dotain the food for the purpose of produing some changer similar to Maceration, preparatory to the real digestive prouss. In these animals, viz, the runinating class, the Homach is divided into four distinct apartments. One called the Paunel, into which the fore, after imperfect Martication, descends. Another called the Bonnet into which the foods paper from the first. From the Bonnet, the ford hing for medo into a bolest, sixes with the mouth, there again to be chewood. From the mouth it descends with the third divis - sino, the Many oplus, whence it is fraude onto the last stomache, denominated the Abomasume, in which the most important part of the Somachio Digistion is oper-- furformed.

I describen is madequate to the freduct of Dizesting since it my siften and difectors the alimintary map with, - act effecting any new compounds.

All these hypotheres being abandoned as insulficient to account for the ophenomena of Digetton, it was neepang

Sin ume alka by acid is ne led by Dumas, 7 med qual Thu + was dece mal flish It is of that sum there should be prepared accordingly in first that the alterdine of Mysicle gits was directed more particularly to the investigation of the gastrie juins. The flute is curious and interesting in the proporties, is suretished by the exhabent actions ramifying on the internal surface of the Armack.

All nation has been a matter of much dispute among Bry sides; " Amore have supposed it is a acide and some how at a passage it is be acide and so he are believed it to be reclassically acid in some and attached by the experiments of spationzamical brants, and are led by the experiments of spationzamical brants, and Deman to inferent action in different animals, but nearly the same in ally thought from the route of some of their coherents. They sum to think that if may be attracted according to the resture and quality of the feret on which the animal may fin.

Thus they found that when engatable were exected it was disidely acide, and on the tentrony when and a made of the tentrony when and a made of the tentrony when an individual is much so, that if substances in a state of prelighestic to be taken with the

made to chontanio The. gattrii ji -ceful, The sist its a Sometime ity of the y yo soon do yield to a galvanis vanic ba Stanach; that prouse wite sensions be entirely suspended; theregh Am Frunter denies that it tropiques any such proper by; but says that substances when subjects to the action area when the continues to be thereof the substances when the procenting this special and the continues of the substances of

The most important and interresting property of the gather's jurie is it powerfully selvent quality. The so from conful, theits over the shardest substances can decreasely as whit it asters. It is truly asteriating to see it offects in serve animals. In the degree motiones, it differences the source differences the handest bounds on school this commal sound differently the handest bound seems the start questing it began the selvent questing it is garties will be it does not ast on the start and white vitality seems into the act on the start and white vitality seems in the asterior as that deport, to seem does the starmals. Then like other dead matters quited to it influence.

The gaverie juice in it offects has been compared to galvanilm, and the pariets of the stomack to as galovanic battery, but all their experiment, and the opinions deduced from them must be greatly deficient, since they are

Summer pro opplication ed; that it lants by so wribes it of zastrii jin white totally an freduce inal, thous pel in lus means: if so Hained; + whichly co.

performed independently of ritality, which by its porruful in - Shine produces effects that could not otherwise be produce ouds. Sik thould be asked why is Digustion from ted by the application of Salvanismo to the stornach? it might be answer = ed; that it does not produce this effect, from an identity of operations to the gastris flete; but simply, like other stime. shorts, by increasing the activity of the Genach. The press cent and most popular theory of Digestion in the Stomache? assibes it frincipally to a solution of the alimentaly the gastrie gives by which the materials of the aliment are decomposeds. new compounds are former, opopularing from certies totally different from the original. The changes, which are produced by the gastrie juice, are probably purely chem - ical; though the stomach commot he considered as at repet, in which Digution is performed solely by chemical means; if so the product of Digestion could be artificially oftained; but, on the contrary, it must be considered as a highely complicated function : dependent on several other auxiliary causes; such as animal heat, an internal motion of the aliment, somewhat resembling formentation, but being

the den the form gastrie the food to not co The Home sot diges. probably very different the gradual contraction of the museu. law fibres of the stomach go. The digestive prouss may there. afore he saw to consist of vital, chamical, and mechanical causes . In Fordy a denies that any chemical effect is produce = cede on the aliment by the gastric juice; but thinks that the alinentary substinces, which have in themselves allo the elements of chyle, are, by the action of the Stomack and other organs of Digestion, decomposed and recombined in the forms of a new substance. Whatever the action of the gastrie juice may be, in producing Digestion, cortain it is that it has actindency to conquilate alimentary substan our . Accordingly we find that the first change, which the food generally undergoes in the Stornach, is craquilation.

This takes of the se hin formly that it wented sum as is, it were mere the light proposed of Degetime or merethely the opening and not not enterpole the opening do not invested the following the first instance; do not conjudent; but opening to the feature of the feature of the feature of the feature to form that soft for the stemmak, this conjudence is deference to form that soft for the stemmak, this conjudence is deference to form that soft for the stemmak, this conjudence is dependent in the state of the stemmak of the stemmak of the stemmak the state of that place which is in a defected at the same time, but only that place which is in

the Pylone V Shorter of Chis offer the ste der ando et futhy accu no, amust forded. this time the motastas

contact with the stomache. This part after having been converted into chyme . is by the motion of the stomache, for through the Pytones, when another stratum of the aliment comes in contact with the parietes of the stomach to be effected incline manner. Thus Digistion proceeds from the corcumpance to the centre. The aliment remains in the Homach a longue a shorter time, according as it is more or less digestible, not ac particle of it being suffered to escape unless thoroughly digested This office of preventing the spatsage of indigestible matter from the Stomache, is performed by the Lylones, which by its tone eder and elective sensibility, yields only to the impression of the Thomogeneral obyone, to which, by habits it has become for e feithy accustomed; unless some indigestible substance he would Sovedo, which, by repeatedly coming in antact with the Tyles - 2000, accustoms it to the imprefisher, and thus a papage is afforded. While Digestion is going one in the Stomache, if it be perfect, both of its origins are accurately shut. There is also at this time and increased activity of the Stomack. caused by the metastasie of the vital formere deserting partially, the other parts of the body to concentrate itself in that, which is the seat

of the diger : limits, by which ther foorte mucho a a a state of 2 the prorpos to other or mangerent minisple . generally of mont fe bulge berds

of the digetine process. In this manner we may be able trouplains the eduse of the deaths, which so frequently happen in conva-- lescento, who induly themselves in eating articles of a nature too indigestible to tyield to the feeble provers of their systems; by which, so considerable a portion of vitality, deserting the other parts of the body to pass to the stomach, beares theme in sucho a debilitated condition, that it is beyond their power to react, and death fillow as a newpay consequence. In this manne no may also explaine, why Digestion is better forformed in a state of rest, than in a state of activity. If overise he taken! that former which would otherwise be concentrated in the Stomack for the purpose of increasing the activity of Digestion, will be allotted to other regard for the discharge of their respective functions, one consequently Digestion will not be so perfectly performed as its would, had not this porrow been thus distributed. On the same principle we may also account for the dronsiness which is generally felt a short time after meals . In the commence --mont of Digestion a slight chill is generally perceived the pulse becomes quiches and harden; the Stomache begins to act; it fibres at first irregularly, but after a short time reg :

the duck to the week it to un le mlie on while goes of influences in thirty or entirely.

adaly. These which are viculars common their contrasting at the bardiac and proud to the Bylomes edulat them which are lengthed and see as a approximate if the consentation by ethick means the conference at the Bylomes is somewhat revenue thereby facilitating the paper of the forter intention the development. At her done assurantes that Dejection is better proformed during sleep, when we lie or two right home or on hope side. One cause of this has been absorbed to the the weight of the him propring on the stemache, when the left side is diene.

But this mechanical theny is a very unvaliefacting on . allight it not be much letter explained by attributing if it was basine palpage of the feedt through the differentiation on his on the right side? at the standard of months while in walnut good of and is succeeded by a dyno quantle while in consent the proposation; an effect them is produced immediate by suitable is a paragram of year. Direction is considerably influenced by never a proposation of the eighth proposation of the without of succeeded the side of a better to be the consent of the content of never a third or abt. Direction will be either importantly proposated as entirely surfaceholder. Majurdie of Lais thinks, that the

but by suit the supplies ? that Dy 26. · dundo is live that Apoled is

tiging a cutting of the righth pain of proves, does not influe some Digestions by acting immediately on the elimache but by surprised the function of the large. To consist the ent this eighthe pain of proves before the two observed which the hingh has a supplied the hunds when the rend was, that Digestion may not materially internight of but on the contrary, when the damp nor was divided above the transfer which goes to the damp, that Digestion may entirely imported. Softion of the large, that Digestion of well importantly morally associated with the transfer produce and offer somewhat

Of Digestion with

Here important sever the change are, which are produced in the stemado, so have optausible accases to be clim, that they are not more so than those which are effected in the Decedencemo. Shis intestine or accountof its quediastics, such as its size and accedency of dis

effected. how this of though of he ilary and duodenum There the formers chondrias Higastrio ! sisting of 1 uliva. Eh froduces and elatation. its curvatures, the great number of its valoular commowners, and the great mount of its function relation to Digetime, may greatly be called a second Atomach!

Who is the great office of the whole dijective from to affected to the advisor from the experience of the children committees of the divisor from the excess which the specific that have this specific to be ought about, till termine a mystery, the which chief chariety is above entered generally agree, that the his above, and open and characteristic pieces, which are found into the divisor, which are found into the divisor, which are found into the dividence on eart the friends of agency.

There flied are secreted by the love and Dancrea, the former being situated opinipally in the right Superchandrias, and the latter in the opostories part of the Efrigative region.

The bile is an externely complicated flicter conexisting of water, albumen, Oil, alkali, and several sates. The panerative firese very much resembles the sativa. The presence of the chyme in the Discolumns operature and contaction on its pariety, which, extinding by sympathy to the live, gathe bladders, and spaniers,

dantly . und by Chirid, Bu edoprof unfort. while Hi inents , patie, en On sor der exists ito the a parently rans be is ficiently . able ling . eauses them to pear out their respective fluids more abouradauty. The nature of the union between these fluids are the alimentary map is generally supposed to be chemical, and by this display of chemical affinities it is generally? believed that the chyle, the important spectual of Digits. There is the decolonum, is freduced.

But to use the experience of a learner and distinguish, and observations and distinguish, and to mention, " unfortunately for an hypothesis, which is accommissily stoud the problems, it has been of later found by experiently stoud the problems, it has been of later found by experiently the the head in the the appearance of the later of a problem of the head appearance of action, and pomorential duets to that

In semil diseases, such as journates for motiones, these also exists a total electrostics to the papeage of the below eits the discolorum. monthulp in electro that dople of paranth papeage in these cases be semewhat defective, not having receive the changes which is imparted to it by the bile; though portraps duje discolorum is imparted to it by the bile; though portraps duje fuirints alaboration to teary on mutrition for a consider.

- able lingth of time? But bile after being mixed with

brinciple. with the or Theo taining 1 Wind of for Vome in the inte · mob; the i ruins 7 Franglo the · acio duct; Juvinishy to Heor Afridity of horne to the Hoods.

29

the olympicativides into two parts; it only returned, and better frinciples, combine with the excrementations opers, and ofer works that guille stimulus, new you to excite the deposition takes white it albuminous and saline particles combine with the about, and become a senditivent oper of its characteristists nature.

The chife is a blow homogeness strice, always conataining the same eliment; no regar being had to the him of foods, on which the animal subsists.

Alone of hypirdexist acquised in the blish that about in the intestine fractionals to the about the intestine free wants to the about the common of the policy of the second to the first the best the first t

Frencist of three parts. I. one, which maintains it fluidig during life, but araqulates after death, or by exponent to the fabric Mais may be compared to the fibrine of the Heads. II. One, which resembles the samme of the

1 the floor ally more tyle, the randi of ment. Ach mod Oleon Let its pro " folding bloods in continuing fluids when exposule to the airs and inc congulating at the same degree of temperature as the blood. IEE. One empiding of small globules analogue to those of the bloods with this difference, that they are considers aby more minute. From this people describing of the abyle, the foresent open willing theory of the models ofen when if medicines derives its main supporting argu-

## Action of the Small Intestines

a offer the aliment has remained in the Decodement a sufficient length of time for the proper formation of the course. It is properlished from that intertains with Eligeneme and Steen, and from them into the large intertains, but its progress is considerably retarded by the curvatures of these intertains, and made particularly by the remaining our feldings of their internal coars, called valuation con reviewts, which not only imports its progress, but by inconsisting, themselves with its internal part affects armos

extension trab, mi Thera

The gri erroing The als -titing . .

In the dereasing finally d -mulate.

my for the called in

back of the home abor

extensive surface for the absorption of the chyle by the lac-- teal, with which they are abundantly supplies.

The valoula conniventes together with the lasteals di--ministo as they proceed towards the great intestines. The great intestines may be considered as a Rind of res. - error for containing the excumentations part of the al-- imento: until there he a call for its wasuations. The aliment in these intestines is not entirely excremen - titions, as it still contains a small oportion of chyle; but it is soon rendered so by the absorption of this chyle.

In the large intestines there are a few lastrals, which, duriasing in number as they proceed towards the rectum, finally disappear. The faces thus formed gradually accu. -mulate in the rectume, exciting there an viritation necessar

= my for their evacuation.

When this is performed the abdominal muddles, being called into action, facilly profs the intestines against the back of the abdomen; the Diaphragmo acting on them from above downwards, and the rectum itself contracting, easily expel the faces. With this I bring to a conclusion

this differ intension enough to this differential. Comight easily have valended it, but this extension would have be me beyond the bounds to which I am newparity without a stronthuly of hope I have stall enough to make the suffer clear and intelligible.

